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DR. PAUL ROSBAUD TO RECEIVE FIRST JOHN T. TATE MEDAL OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF PHYSICS

New York, September 27--: Dr. Paul Rosbaud, European scientific editor who has made distinguished contributions to publications in physics, on Thursday (September 28) will receive an unusual honor from American scientists.

Dr. Rosbaud, at a meeting of the Corporate Associates of the American Institute of Physics in Arden House of Columbia University at Harriman, New York, will be the first recipient of the John T. Tate International Medal for Distinguished Service to the Profession of Physics.

Dean Ralph A. Sawyer of the University of Michigan, Chairman of the Governing Board of the Institute, will present a gold medal and \$1,000 award to Dr. Rosbaud "for his stimulating and unconquerable devotion to conscientious publication in the physical sciences." The Tate Medal has been established in order to recognize distinguished service to physics by individuals who are neither residents nor citizens of the United States.

The late John Torrence Tate, who died on May 27, 1950, was Dean of the College of Science, Literature, and Arts at the University of Minnesota, and served as Research Professor of Physics, Chairman of the Governing Board

of the American Institute of Physics (A. I. P.), and Managing Editor of the American Physical Society. Dr. Walker Bleakney, Chairman of the Department of Physics at Princeton University, will offer an appreciation of Dr. Tate at the medal presentation ceremony in Arden House.

The career of Dr. Rosbaud will be described by Dr. Samuel A. Goudsmit, Editor of the "Physical Review," the journal of the American Physical Society.

Dr. Rosbaud before and during World War II was science editor for the Springer Company, a Berlin publishing house. As an editor, he is credited with being the driving force behind the creation of new journals and the improvement of existing periodicals, as well as being responsible for the publication of many books by scientists.

One of his recent achievements was the preparation of the volume honoring

Nobel Laureate Wolfgang Pauli called "Physics in the Twentieth Century."

He suggested the publication of the collected works of the famous British physicist, Lord Rutherford. The first volume will be issued in the near future.

Born in Graz, Austria in 1896, Dr. Rosbaud received his doctorate in Berlin and did research in X-ray crystallography at one of the Kaiser Wilhelm Institutes. He joined the Springer publishing house in the 1930's and succeeded in sending its valuable scientific books to safety before the bombings.

His extraordinary courage and acquaintanceship with friends in high places, who were uncommitted to the Nazi regime, enabled him to keep in touch with scientists in occupied Europe during the war and to boost their morale. He had two French war prisoners, who were physicists, staying with him on parole, and enabled them to work and keep in touch with scientific developments. They are now prominent atomic scientists.

During the war he risked his life and freedom by communicating with Allied scientists via the Norwegian underground and neutral channels and by being the confindant of German physicists who opposed the decline of science under the Nazis.

After World War II, he was brought to England by the Allies and he became editor for Butterworth Scientific Publications, and later served as Scientific Director for Pergamon Press. Since 1956 he has been European Editor for Interscience Publishers and a consultant to other publishing companies.

He succeeded in obtaining manuscripts for publication from Russian scientists during the days of Stalin, stimulated the international exchange of scientific information, and suggested to the "London Times" a scientific supplement for the intelligent layman, a suggestion later brought to reality.